

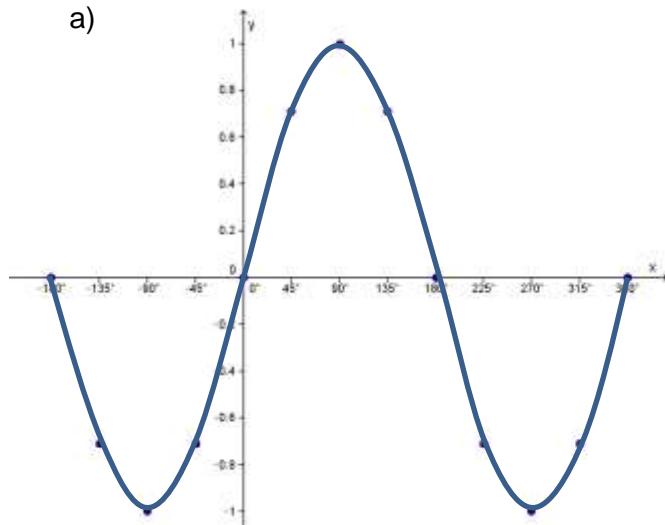
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Worksheet 6 Memorandum: Trigonometric Functions

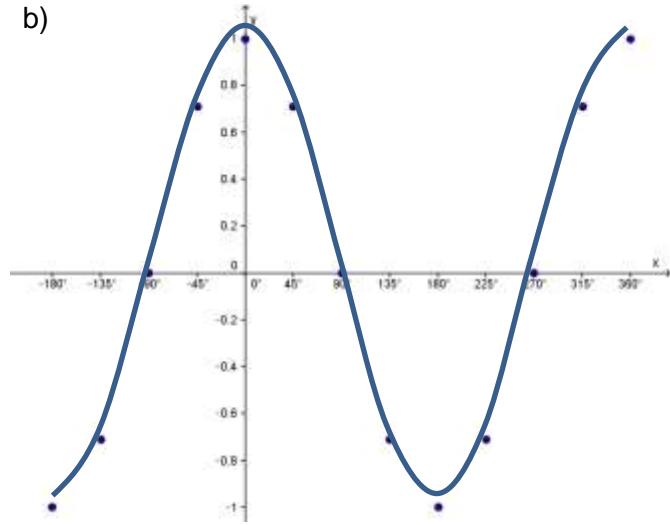
Grade 11 Mathematics

1.

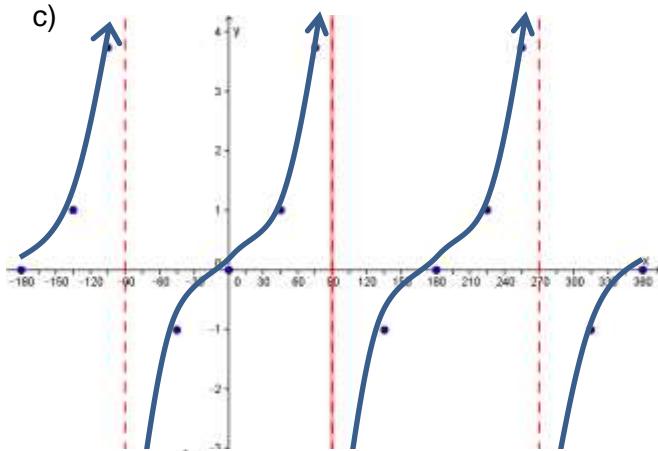
a)



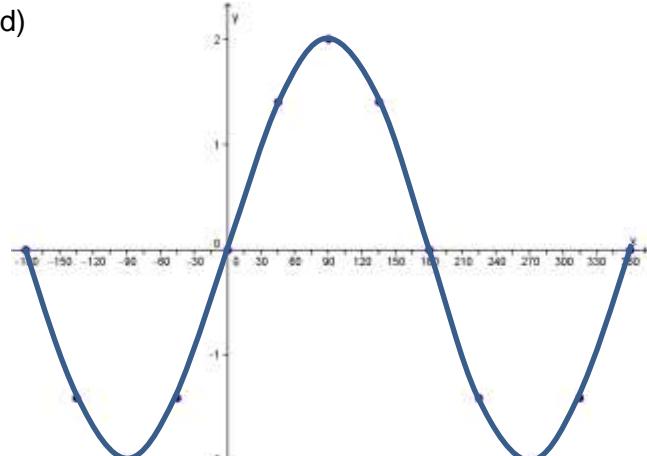
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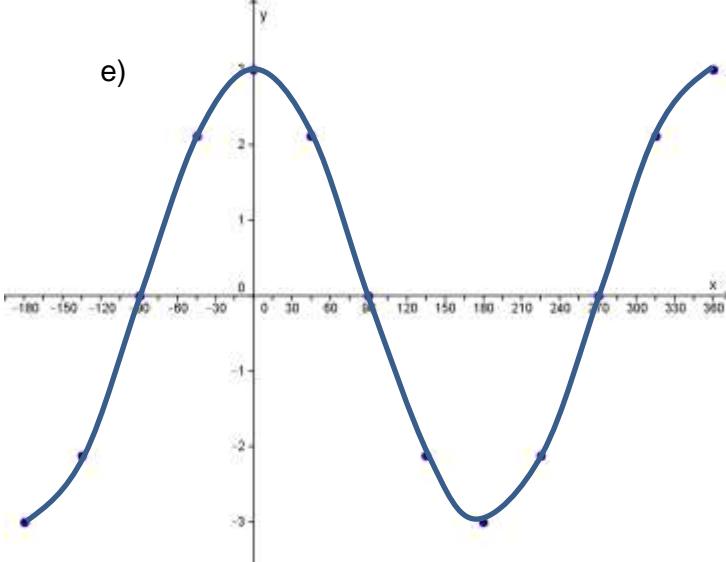
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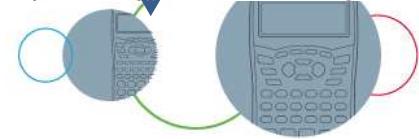
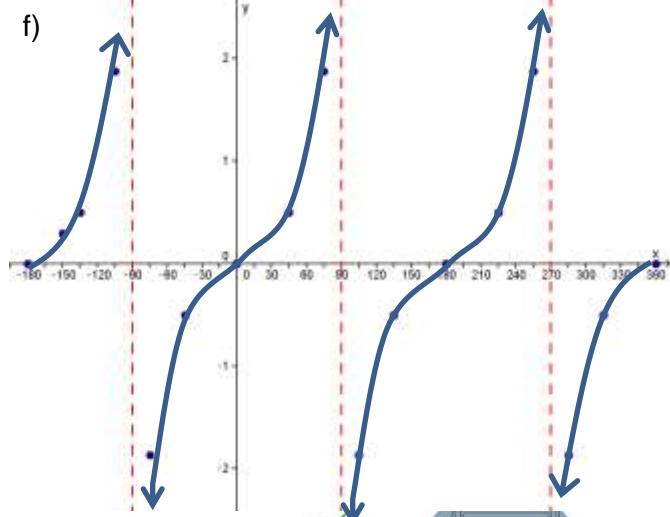
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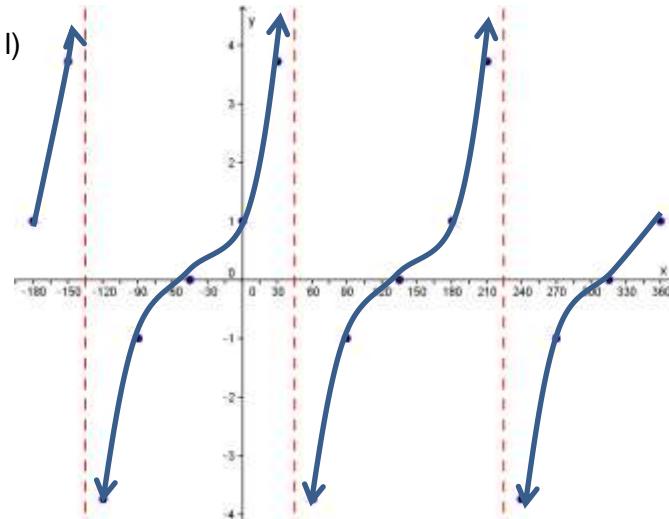
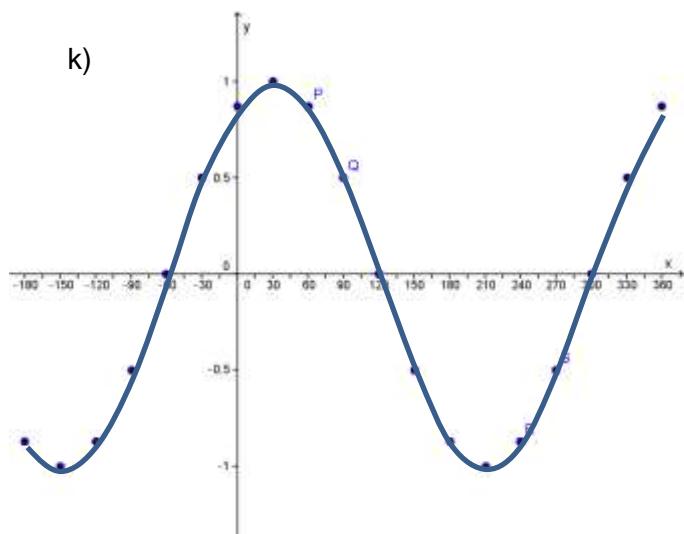
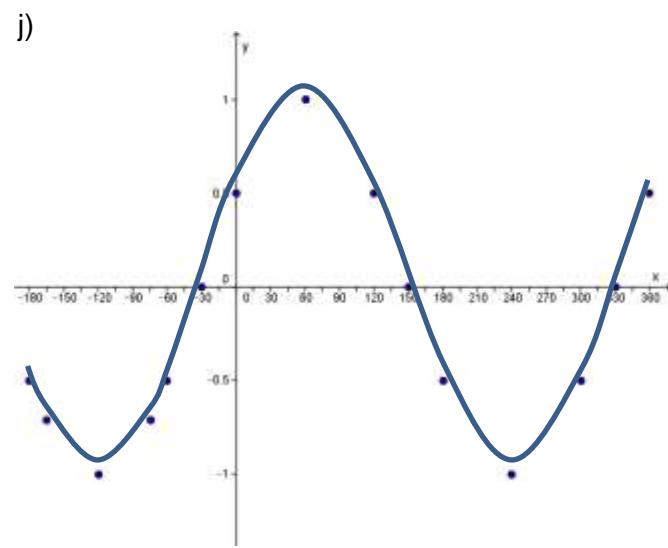
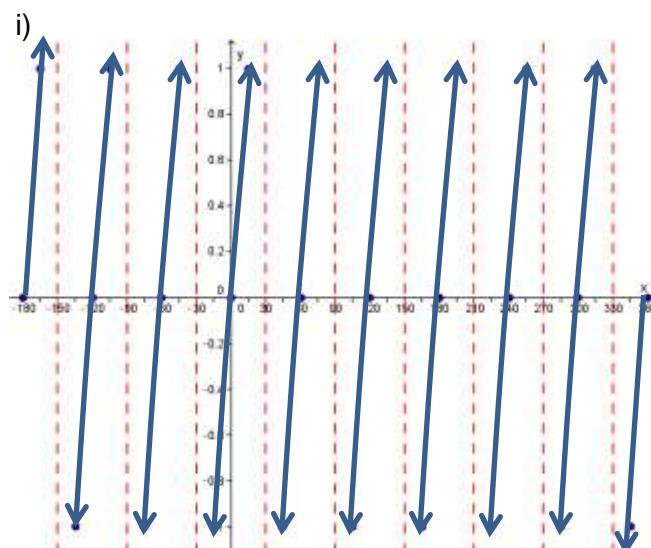
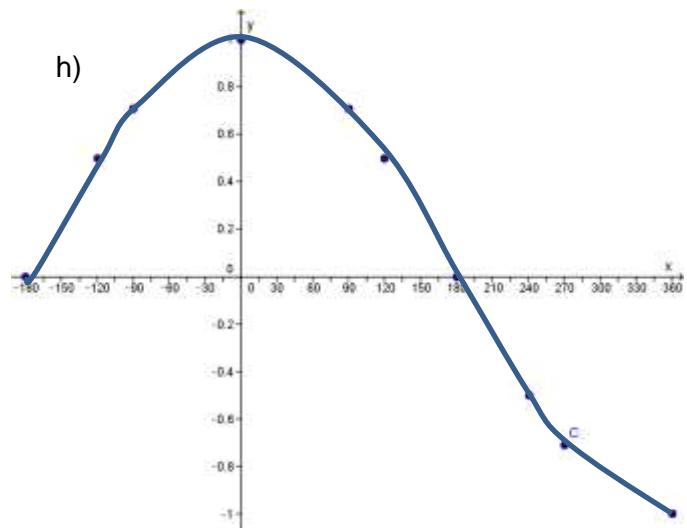
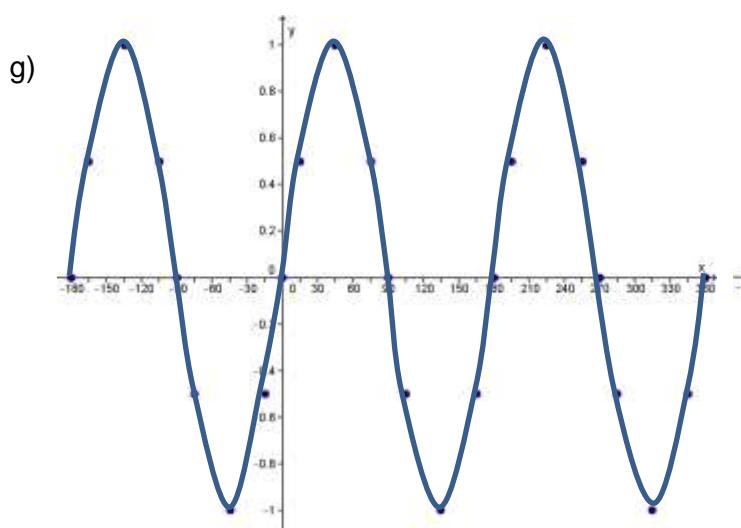


e)



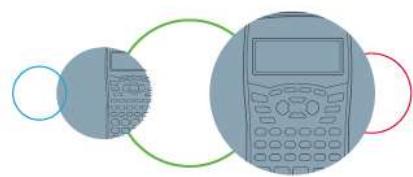
f)

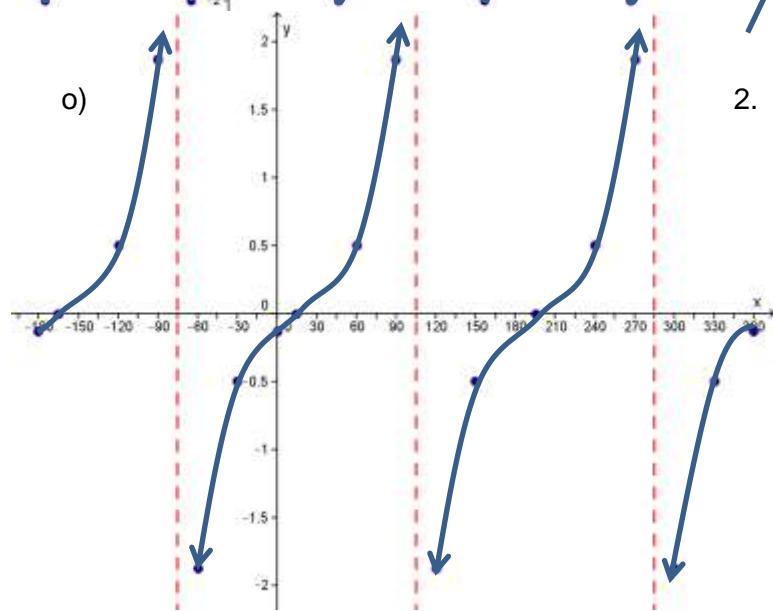
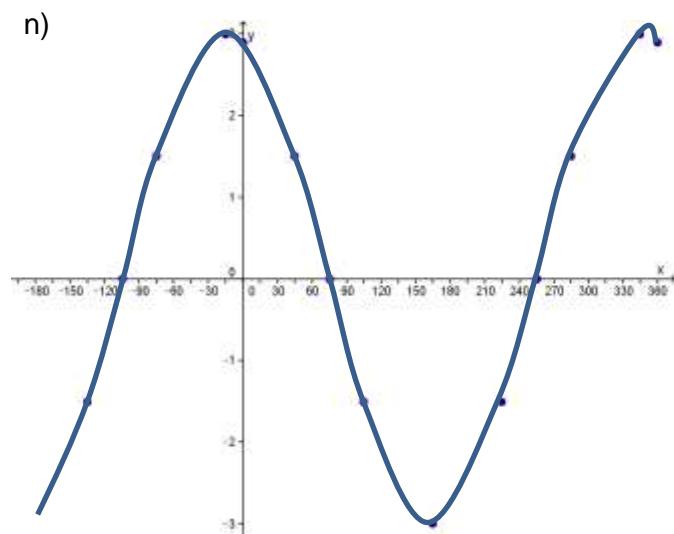
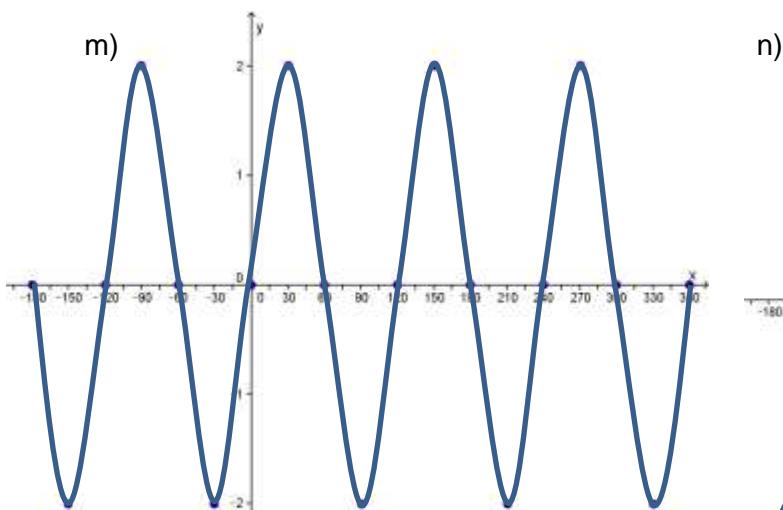




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2.

a) $y = \sin x$
Period = 360
Amplitude = 1

b) $y = \cos x$
Period = 360
Amplitude = 1

c) $y = \tan x$
Period = 180
Amplitude = no amplitude.

d) $y = 2 \sin x$
Period = 360
Amplitude = 2

e) $y = 3 \cos x$
Period = 360
Amplitude = 3

f) $y = \frac{1}{2} \tan x$
Period = 180
Amplitude = no amplitude

g) $y = \sin 2x$
Period = 180
Amplitude = 1

h) $y = \cos \frac{1}{2}x$
Period = 720
Amplitude = 1

i) $y = \tan 3x$
Period = 60
Amplitude = no amplitude.

j) $y = \sin(x + 30)$
Period = 360
Amplitude = 1

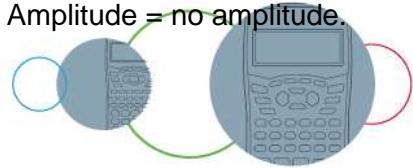
k) $y = \cos(x - 30)$
Period = 360
Amplitude = 1

l) $y = \tan(x + 45)$
Period = 180
Amplitude = no amplitude.

m) $y = 2 \sin 3x$
Period = 120
Amplitude = 2

n) $y = 3 \cos(x + 15)$
Period = 360
Amplitude = 3

o) $y = \frac{1}{2} \tan(x - 15)$
Period = 180
Amplitude = no amplitude.



3. a) $y = \sin 2x$ b) $y = 2 \cos \frac{1}{2}x$
 c) $y = \tan(x - 15)$ d) $y = 2 \cos(x - 60)$ OR $y = 2 \sin(x + 30)$
 e) $y = \cos(x - 45)$ OR $y = \sin(x + 45)$

4. a) $y = \sin 2x$ b) $y = 2 \cos \frac{1}{2}x$
 Period = 180 Period = 720
 Amplitude = 1 Amplitude = 2

 c) $y = \tan(x - 15)$ d) $y = 2 \cos(x - 60)$ OR $y = 2 \sin(x + 30)$
 Period = 180 Period = 360 or 360
 Amplitude = no amplitude. Amplitude = 2 or 2

- e) $y = \cos(x - 45)$ OR $y = \sin(x + 45)$
 Period = 360 or 360
 Amplitude = 1 or 1

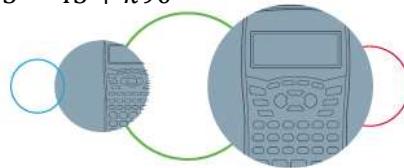
5. a) $f(x) = a \sin(x - 15)$ Subs in (-75; -0.5)
 $\therefore -0.5 = a \sin(-75 - 15)$ $g(x)$ is the cos graph shifted 45 degrees left.
 $\therefore -0.5 = a \sin(-90)$ $\therefore b = 45$
 $\therefore a = \frac{-0.5}{\sin(-90)}$
 $\therefore a = \frac{1}{2}$

- b) $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \sin(x - 15)$ and $g(x) = \cos 2(x + 45)$
 Period = 360 Period = 180
 Amplitude = $\frac{1}{2}$ Amplitude = 1

- c) In other words where $f(x) = g(x)$
 At approximately $x = -103; x = 3; x = 105; x = 175$

d) $-180 < x \leq -103$ and $3 \leq x \leq 105$ and $175 \leq x < 180$

- e) y-intercepts:
 $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \sin(x - 15) = 0$ AND $g(x) = \cos 2(x + 45) = 0$
 $\therefore \sin(x - 15) = 0$ $\therefore \cos 2(x + 45) = 0$
 $\therefore x - 15 = 0$ $\therefore 2(x + 45) = 90 + k180$
 $\therefore x = 15 + k180$ $\therefore x + 45 = 45 + k90$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \therefore x = -165 \text{ and } 15 & \therefore x = 0 + k90 \\
 & (-165; 0) \text{ and } (15; 0) & \therefore x = -180 \text{ or } -90 \text{ or } 0 \text{ or } 90 \text{ or } 180 \\
 & x\text{-intercepts:} & (-180; 0) (-90; 0) (90, 0) \text{ and } (180; 0) \\
 & f(x) = \frac{1}{2}\sin(0 - 15) & \text{AND} & g(x) = \cos 2(0 + 45) \\
 & \therefore f(x) = \frac{1}{2}\sin(-15) & & \therefore g(x) = \cos 2(45) \\
 & \therefore f(x) = \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{-\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2}}{4}\right) & & \therefore g(x) = \cos 90 \\
 & \therefore f(x) = -0.129 & & \therefore g(x) = 0 \\
 & (0; -0.129) & & (0; 0)
 \end{aligned}$$

6. a) $m(x) = p(x)$

$$x = -150 \quad \text{OR} \quad x = -90 \quad \text{OR} \quad x = 90 \quad \text{OR} \quad x = 330$$

b) $x = -150 \quad \text{OR} \quad x = -90 \quad \text{OR} \quad x = 90 \quad \text{OR} \quad x = 330$

When the distance is at a minimum the graphs intersect, thus the answer is the same as the previous questions answer.

c) $m(x) = 2 \sin \frac{1}{2}x$ AND $p(x) = 2 \cos(x - 45)$

Period = 720 Period = 360

Amplitude = 2 Amplitude = 2

d) y-intercepts:

$$\begin{aligned}
 m(x) = 2 \sin \frac{1}{2}(0) & \quad \text{AND} \quad p(x) = 2 \cos(0 - 45) \\
 \therefore m(x) = 2(0) & \quad p(x) = 2(0.707) \\
 \therefore m(x) = 0 & \quad p(x) = 1.414 \\
 (0; 0) & \quad (0; -1.414)
 \end{aligned}$$

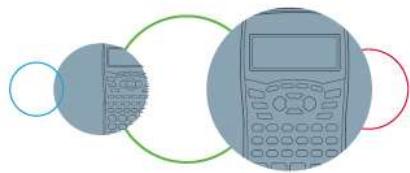
x-intercepts:

$$\begin{aligned}
 m(x) = 2 \sin \frac{1}{2}x = 0 & \quad \text{AND} \quad p(x) = 2 \cos(x - 45) = 0 \\
 \therefore \sin \frac{1}{2}x = 0 & \quad \therefore \cos(x - 45) = 0 \\
 \therefore \frac{1}{2}x = 0 & \quad \therefore x - 45 = 90 \\
 \therefore x = 0 \text{ or } -360 \text{ or } 360 & \quad \therefore x = 135 \text{ or } -45 \text{ or } -225 \text{ or } -360 \text{ or } 315
 \end{aligned}$$

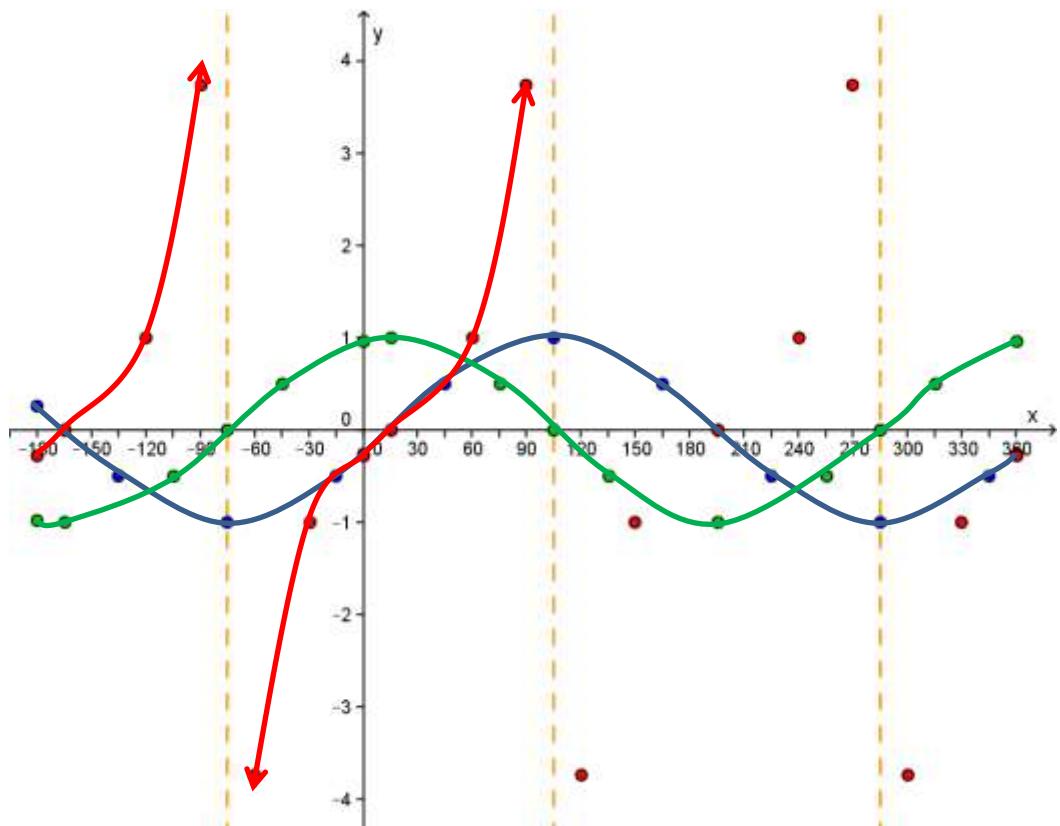
$$(-360; 0) \text{ or } (0; 0) \text{ or } (360; 0) (135; 0) \text{ or } (-45; 0) \text{ or } (-225; 0) \text{ or } (-360; 0) \text{ or } (315; 0)$$

e) Distance = $m(x) - p(x)$ at $x = 225$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 2 \sin \frac{1}{2}(225) - 2 \cos(225 - 45) \\
 &= 1.848 - (-2) \\
 &= 3.848
 \end{aligned}$$



7. a) $h(x) = \sin(x - 15)$, $j(x) = \cos(x - 15)$ and $k(x) = \tan(x - 15)$



b) $x = -75$; $x = 105$ and $x = 285$

c) $h(x) = \sin(x - 15)$

$j(x) = \cos(x - 15)$

$k(x) = \tan(x - 15)$

Period = 360

Period = 360

Period = 180

Amplitude = 1

Amplitude = 1

Amplitude = no amplitude

d) $x = -120$; $x = 60$; $x = 240$ (where $k(x) = 1$)

e) $x = -165$; $x = 15$; $x = 195$; (where $k(x) = 0$)

f) where is $h(x) \geq j(x)$

$-180 < x \leq -120$ and $60 \leq x \leq 240$

g) Distance = 1

